S8560-3-P

West Virginia
Economic Summary

A Monthly Newsletter on Economic Activity in West Virginia June 1990

EMPLOYMENT: Total employment in West Virginia decreased 9,200 during the month to an estimated 680,600 in mid-June. The decline is illusory, however, because the May primary election created one-day jobs for 11,000 poll workers, which count as jobs disappearing in June. A comparison with year-ago figures offers a more accurate perspective; there were 8,100 more people employed in West Virginia this June than in June of last year.

All of the State's goods-producing sectors are expanding their employment levels. Between May and June, jobs in construction increased by 600, mining added another 100, and manufacturing experienced widely dispersed small gains that accumulated to 1,000. Among service-producing industries, summer recreation and travel trends advanced amusements 500 and hotels 300, while alternate seasonal forces contributed to declines of 1,000 in education and 400 in social services. Other notable changes in services occurred in health (+700), engineering and management (+300), agriculture (+200), legal (+200), automotive (+200), and personal services (-200). Trade's strong seasonal expansion of the last few months has peaked for the moment; wholesale trade remained unchanged while retail sector adjustments resulted in a net loss of 200. Government employment dropped abruptly, as the loss of election poll workers, seasonal education employees, and federal census takers helped drive employment down 14,800. Transportation and public utilities gained 200 since last month, and finance, insurance and real estate remained unchanged.

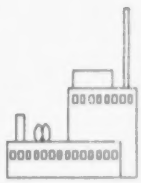
Compared with June of last year, nonagricultural payroll employment has grown by 10,700 jobs. Significant changes have occurred in mining (+3,800), durable goods manufacturing (-900), nondurable goods manufacturing (+800), health services (+2,500), social services (+1,000) and engineering and management services (+700).

UNEMPLOYMENT: The number of unemployed state residents declined 200 to an estimated 42,100 in mid-June. The unemployment rate for June is 5.8 percent.

Announcement

The West Virginia Economic Summary is an improved version of the monthly Economic Summary which also incorporates the quarterly Labor Market Trends. All components of these reports are now contained in this revised publication, as well as much new information. We hope you find it to be an easier, more informative reference to use, and we welcome your comments.

West Virginia Economic Indicators

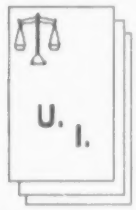


	June 1990	May 1990	June 1989
Average Weekly Hours in Manufacturing			
Unadjusted	41.1	40.8	41.0
Seasonally Adjusted	41.0	40.8	40.9
Total Production Worker Hours in Manufacturing (000), Weekly, Unadjusted	2,775	2,715	2,796
Average Weekly Earnings in Manufacturing, Unadjusted	$470.18	$469.20	$458.38

Average Weekly Hours in Bituminous Coal Mining, Unadjusted	44.6	45.9	35.5
Average Weekly Earnings in Bituminous Coal Mining, Unadjusted	$792.54	$823.45	$603.50
Coal Production (000 Tons)			
Unadjusted	13,278	13,525	11,369
Seasonally Adjusted	13,165	12,461	11,272

Commercial and Industrial Electric Power Sales (000,000 KWH)			
Unadjusted	1,120	1,098	991
Seasonally Adjusted	1,138	1,152	1,008

New Motor Vehicle Registrations, Unadjusted	5,882	6,292	8,748



Interstate Initial Claims			
Unadjusted	744	784	746
Seasonally Adjusted	997	1,024	1,000
Average Weekly Initial Claims			
Unadjusted	1,351	1,283	1,426
Seasonally Adjusted	2,104	1,902	2,220
Insured Unemployment Rate			
Unadjusted	2.2	2.8	2.5
Seasonally Adjusted	2.6	3.0	3.1
Total Unemployment Rate, Seasonally Adjusted (WV Series)	6.1	5.9	6.1

NOTE: Data for prior month and year may be revised from previously published figures.

State of West Virginia
Gaston Caperton
Governor
Department of Health and Human Resources
Taunja Willis Miller
Secretary
Bureau of Employment Programs
Andrew N. Richardson
Commissioner
Division of Employment Security
112 California Avenue
Charleston, WV 25303-0112

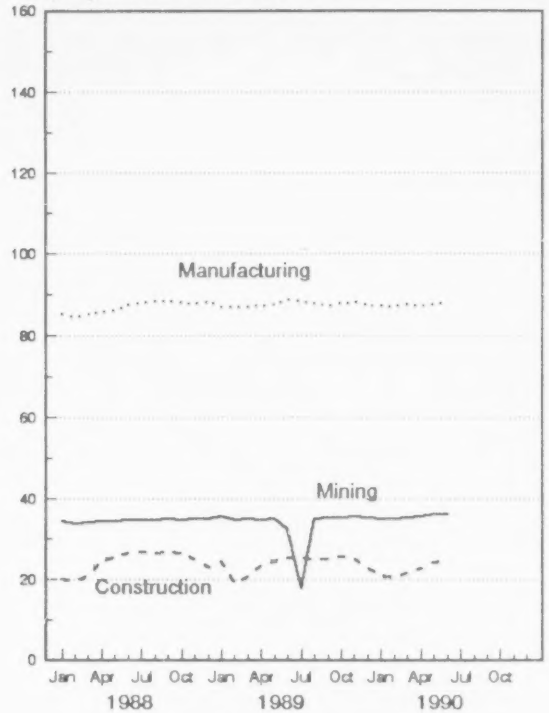
Selected National Data

	June 1990	May 1990	June 1989
Civilian Unemployment Rate			
Unadjusted	5.3	5.1	5.5
Seasonally Adjusted	5.2	5.3	5.3
Consumer Price Index, All Urban Consumers			
Unadjusted			
1982-84 Base	129.9	129.2	124.1
1967 Base	389.1	386.9	371.7
Producer Price Index, Finished Goods			
Unadjusted, 1982 Base	117.9	117.7	114.3
Initial Claims for Unemployment Insurance (000) Week including 12th, Unadjusted	307.6	299.1	284.7
Insured Unemployment Rate, Week including 12th			
Unadjusted	2.1	2.2	1.9
Seasonally Adjusted	2.3	2.3	2.1

Trends in the West Virginia Labor Market

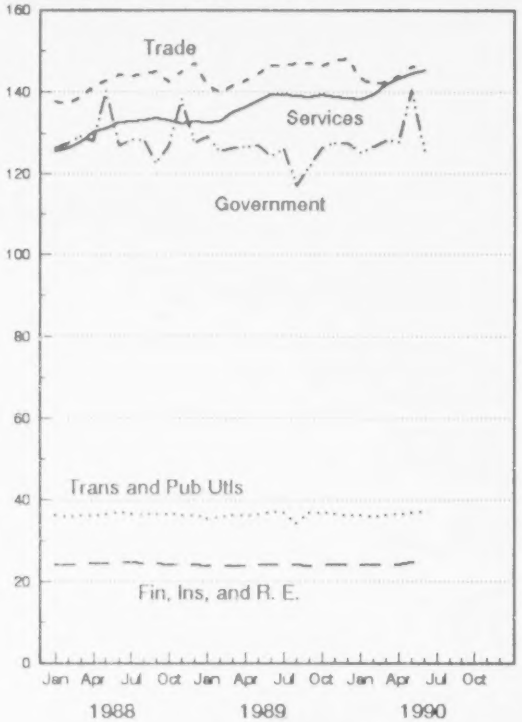
Goods Producing Employment

Employment in Thousands



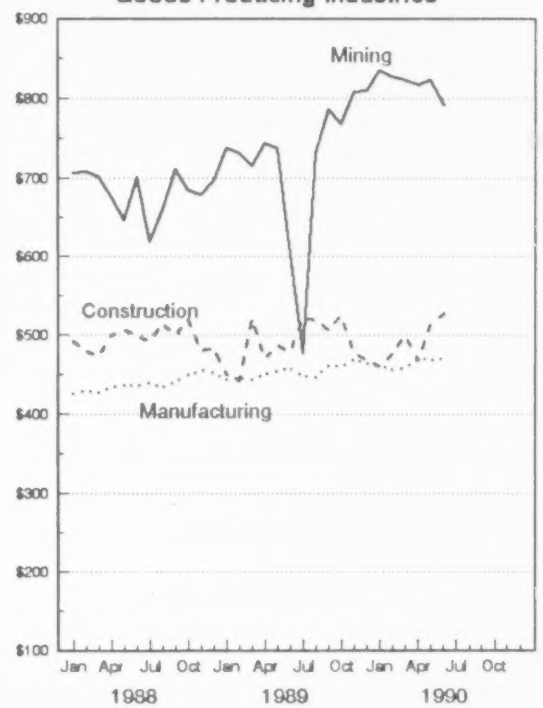
Service Producing Employment

Employment in Thousands



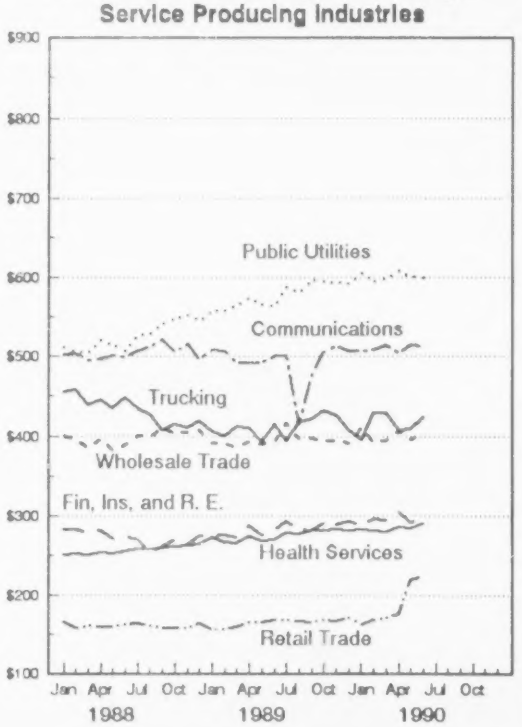
Average Weekly Earnings

Goods Producing Industries

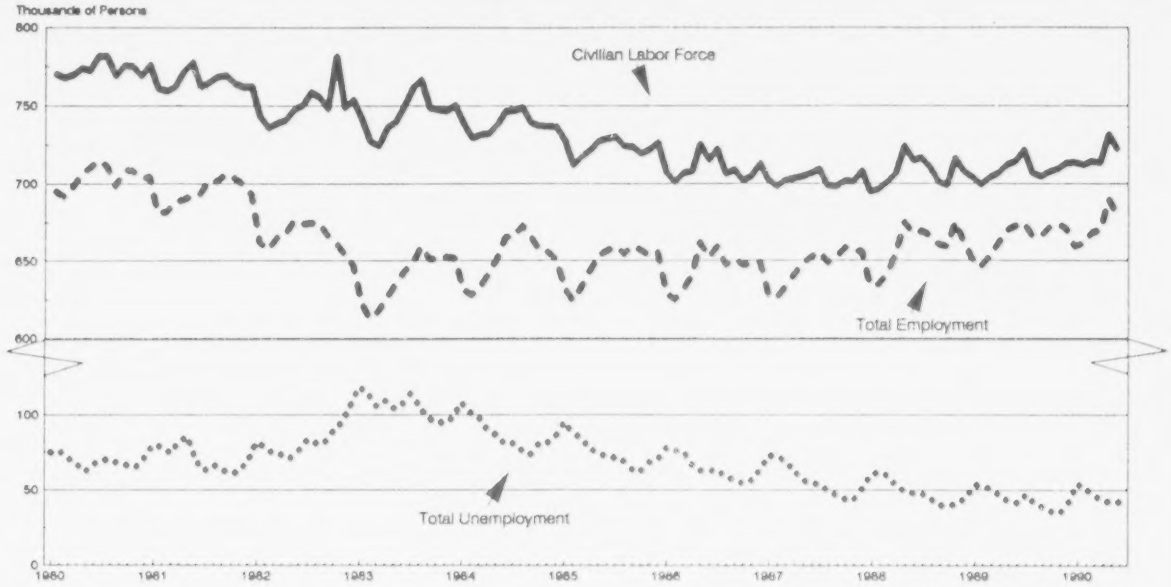


Average Weekly Earnings

Service Producing Industries



Total Employment, Unemployment, and Civilian Labor Force
In West Virginia



WV Series Labor Force Data
(In Thousands - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89	Change From: May 1990	Change From: Jun. 1989
Civilian Labor Force	722.6	731.7	714.2	-9.1	8.4
Total Employment	680.6	689.8	672.5	-9.2	8.1
Total Unemployment	42.1	41.9	41.7	0.2	0.4
Unemployment Rate	5.8	5.7	5.8	xx	xx

BLS Labor Force Data
(In Thousands - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

Civilian Labor Force	777.4	771.1	780.2	6.3	-2.8
Total Employment	725.5	714.2	714.8	11.3	10.7
Total Unemployment	51.9	56.9	65.4	-5.0	-13.5
Unemployment Rate	6.7	7.4	8.4	xx	xx

Average Hours and Earnings, West Virginia Production Workers, Select Industries

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89
Manufacturing	$470.18	$469.20	$458.38	41.1	40.8	41.0	$11.44	$11.50	$11.18
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	448.72	445.50	445.51	39.5	39.6	40.1	11.36	11.25	11.11
Primary Metals Industries	621.93	616.46	592.57	43.1	43.2	42.6	14.43	14.27	13.91
Fabricated Metal Products	469.54	411.03	421.01	41.7	37.4	40.5	11.26	10.99	10.41
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	474.76	478.63	442.13	40.1	40.7	39.3	11.84	11.76	11.25
Electronic & Electrical Equipment	515.02	535.12	458.93	41.5	43.4	39.7	12.41	12.33	11.56
Chemical & Allied Products	672.97	693.74	670.07	44.1	44.7	44.2	15.26	15.52	15.16
Coal Mining	792.54	823.45	603.50	44.6	45.9	35.5	17.77	17.94	17.00
Construction	528.40	513.71	478.80	40.0	38.8	36.3	13.21	13.24	13.19

Statewide Nonagricultural Payroll Employment by Industry

(In Thousands – Not Seasonally Adjusted)

June 1990

	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89	Change From: May 1990	Change From: Jun. 1989
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	629.2	641.5	618.5	-12.3	10.7
GOODS PRODUCING	149.6	147.9	146.4	1.7	3.2
Mining	36.2	36.1	32.4	0.1	3.8
Coal Mining	30.8	30.7	26.8	0.1	4.0
Oil & Gas Extraction	4.3	4.3	4.5	0.0	-0.2
Other Mining	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.0	0.0
Construction	24.8	24.2	25.3	0.6	-0.5
General Building Contractors	6.2	5.8	6.8	0.4	-0.6
Heavy Construction	6.5	6.2	6.4	0.3	0.1
Special Trade Contractors	12.1	12.2	12.1	-0.1	0.0
Manufacturing	88.6	87.6	88.7	1.0	-0.1
Durable Goods	49.7	49.4	50.6	0.3	-0.9
Lumber, Wood Products & Furniture	7.7	7.7	7.6	0.0	0.1
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	8.2	8.2	8.3	0.0	-0.1
Primary Metals Industries	14.9	14.8	15.2	0.1	-0.3
Fabricated Metal Products	5.4	5.3	5.6	0.1	-0.2
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	5.8	5.7	6.0	0.1	-0.2
Electronic & Electrical Equipment	2.6	2.7	2.6	-0.1	0.0
Transportation Equipment	2.6	2.6	2.8	0.0	-0.2
Other Durable Goods	2.5	2.4	2.5	0.1	0.0
Nondurable Goods	38.9	38.2	38.1	0.7	0.8
Food & Kindred Products	4.5	4.5	4.1	0.0	0.4
Textile Mill Products	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.1	0.0
Apparel & Other Textile Products	4.1	3.9	4.2	0.2	-0.1
Paper & Allied Products	1.1	1.2	1.3	-0.1	-0.2
Printing & Publishing	5.2	5.1	4.9	0.1	0.3
Chemical & Allied Products	18.4	18.2	18.1	0.2	0.3
Other Nondurable Goods	4.7	4.5	4.6	0.2	0.1
SERVICE PRODUCING	479.6	493.6	472.1	-14.0	7.5
Transportation & Public Utilities	37.2	37.0	37.2	0.2	0.0
Railroad Transportation	4.0	4.0	4.2	0.0	-0.2
Trucking & Warehousing	9.1	9.1	9.0	0.0	0.1
Other Transportation	3.5	3.5	3.4	0.0	0.1
Communications	8.1	8.0	8.1	0.1	0.0
Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	12.5	12.4	12.5	0.1	0.0
Trade	146.2	146.4	146.6	-0.2	-0.4
Wholesale Trade	30.2	30.2	30.7	0.0	-0.5
Retail Trade	116.0	116.2	115.9	-0.2	0.1
Building Materials & Garden Supplies	5.5	5.3	5.4	0.2	0.1
General Merchandise Stores	15.6	15.7	17.3	-0.1	-1.7
Food Stores	22.7	22.9	22.5	-0.2	0.2
Automotive Dealers & Service Stations	14.6	14.6	15.0	0.0	-0.4
Apparel & Accessory Stores	6.5	6.5	5.3	0.0	1.2
Home Furniture & Equipment Stores	4.7	4.7	4.6	0.0	0.1
Eating & Drinking Places	35.7	35.6	34.9	0.1	0.8
Miscellaneous Retail	10.7	10.9	10.9	-0.2	-0.2
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	24.6	24.6	24.3	0.0	0.3
Finance	13.9	13.8	13.8	0.1	0.1
Insurance	6.5	6.6	6.3	-0.1	0.2
Real Estate	4.2	4.2	4.2	0.0	0.0
Services	145.6	144.8	139.5	0.8	6.1
Agricultural Services	2.7	2.5	2.2	0.2	0.5
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	9.2	8.9	8.6	0.3	0.6
Personal Services	5.9	6.1	6.0	-0.2	-0.1
Business Services	13.7	13.7	13.2	0.0	0.5
Automotive & Miscellaneous Repair Services	6.0	5.8	5.7	0.2	0.3
Amusements, incl. Motion Pictures	6.9	6.4	7.0	0.5	-0.1
Health Services	55.4	54.7	52.9	0.7	2.5
Nursing & Personal Care Homes	10.2	10.0	9.5	0.2	0.7
Hospitals	28.3	27.8	27.1	0.5	1.2
Other Health Services	16.9	16.9	16.3	0.0	0.6
Legal Services	3.9	3.7	3.7	0.2	0.2
Educational Services	4.7	5.7	4.6	-1.0	0.1
Social Services	8.7	9.1	7.7	-0.4	1.0
Membership Organizations	19.6	19.6	19.6	0.0	0.0
Engineering & Management Services	7.9	7.6	7.2	0.3	0.7
Government	126.0	140.8	124.5	-14.8	1.5
Federal	18.6	18.9	16.7	-0.3	1.9
Hospitals	2.9	2.9	2.9	0.0	0.0
U S Postal Service	5.0	5.0	5.2	0.0	-0.2
Other Federal	10.7	11.0	8.6	-0.3	2.1
State	34.9	39.2	35.2	-4.3	-0.3
Hospitals	2.9	2.9	3.2	0.0	-0.3
Education	13.2	17.8	12.4	-4.6	0.8
Other State	18.8	18.5	19.6	0.3	-0.8
Local	72.5	82.7	72.6	-10.2	-0.1
Hospitals	4.9	4.8	4.8	0.1	0.1
Education	47.0	47.0	46.8	0.0	0.2
Other Local	20.6	30.9	21.0	-10.3	-0.4
Total Private Sector	503.2	500.7	494.0	2.5	9.2
Labor-Management Dispute Status	0.3	0.2	3.2	xx	xx

Women Workers
Statewide Nonagricultural Payroll Employment by Industry

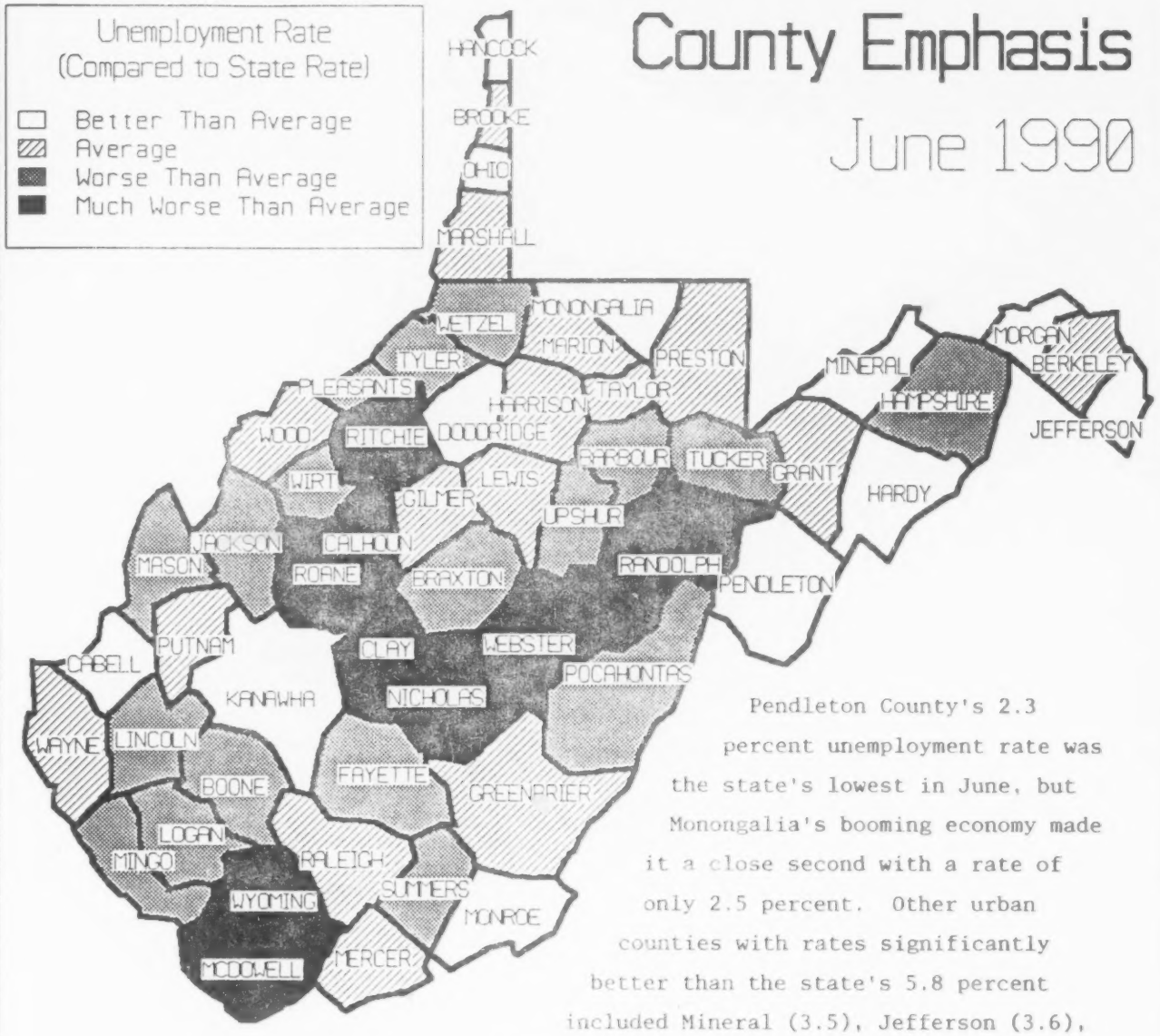
(In Thousands – Not Seasonally Adjusted)

June 1990

	Prelim. Jun. '90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun. '89	Change From: May 1990	Change From: Jun. 1989
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	270.8	275.7	254.0	-4.9	16.8
GOODS PRODUCING	24.6	24.0	23.6	0.6	1.0
Mining	2.1	2.1	1.9	0.0	0.2
Coal Mining	1.2	1.2	1.0	0.0	0.2
Oil & Gas Extraction	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0
Construction	2.0	1.9	1.8	0.1	0.2
General Building Contractors	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.0
Heavy Construction	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.1
Special Trade Contractors	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.0	0.1
Manufacturing	20.5	20.0	19.9	0.5	0.6
Durable Goods	8.0	8.0	8.0	0.0	0.0
Lumber, Wood Products & Furniture	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	2.4	2.4	2.4	0.0	0.0
Primary Metals Industries	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.0	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.0	-0.1
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	0.7	0.8	0.8	-0.1	-0.1
Electronic & Electrical Equipment	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0
Transportation Equipment	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0
Other Durable Goods	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.1	0.2
Nondurable Goods	12.5	12.0	11.9	0.5	0.6
Food & Kindred Products	1.2	1.2	0.9	0.0	0.3
Textile Mill Products	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.1	0.0
Apparel & Other Textile Products	3.4	3.2	3.4	0.2	0.0
Paper & Allied Products	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.0	-0.1
Printing & Publishing	1.9	1.9	1.7	0.0	0.2
Chemical & Allied Products	3.2	3.1	2.9	0.1	0.3
Other Nondurable Goods	1.8	1.7	1.9	0.1	-0.1
SERVICE PRODUCING	246.2	251.7	230.4	-5.5	15.8
Transportation & Public Utilities	7.7	7.7	7.9	0.0	-0.2
Trucking & Warehousing	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.1	0.2
Other Transportation	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.0	0.0
Communications	3.5	3.5	3.9	0.0	-0.4
Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	2.4	2.4	2.3	0.0	0.1
Trade	66.0	65.4	59.9	0.6	6.1
Wholesale Trade	5.6	5.5	5.3	0.1	0.3
Retail Trade	60.4	59.9	54.6	0.5	5.8
Building Materials & Garden Supplies	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.0	0.1
General Merchandise Stores	10.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.0
Food Stores	11.1	11.1	9.9	0.0	1.2
Automotive Dealers & Service Stations	3.2	3.2	3.0	0.0	0.2
Apparel & Accessory Stores	5.4	5.3	4.1	0.1	1.3
Home Furniture & Equipment Stores	1.6	1.6	1.5	0.0	0.1
Eating & Drinking Places	20.3	19.8	17.8	0.5	2.5
Miscellaneous Retail	7.9	8.0	7.5	-0.1	0.4
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	15.3	15.3	15.1	0.0	0.2
Finance	10.5	10.4	9.7	0.1	0.8
Insurance	3.1	3.2	3.4	-0.1	-0.3
Real Estate	1.7	1.7	2.0	0.0	-0.3
Services	91.9	92.1	86.4	-0.2	5.5
Agricultural Services	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.0	0.2
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	4.8	4.5	4.0	0.3	0.8
Personal Services	3.4	3.5	3.0	-0.1	0.4
Business Services	6.4	6.5	5.8	-0.1	0.6
Automotive & Miscellaneous Repair Services	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
Amusements, incl. Motion Pictures	3.2	2.9	2.9	0.3	0.3
Health Services	44.9	44.4	42.8	0.5	2.1
Nursing & Personal Care Homes	8.6	8.3	7.0	0.3	1.6
Hospitals	22.9	22.7	22.2	0.2	0.7
Other Health Services	13.4	13.4	13.6	0.0	-0.2
Legal Services	3.0	2.9	2.9	0.1	0.1
Educational Services	2.6	3.2	2.5	-0.6	0.1
Social Services	6.0	6.5	5.5	-0.5	0.5
Membership Organizations	11.8	11.9	11.2	-0.1	0.6
Engineering & Management Services	2.9	2.9	3.1	0.0	-0.2
Government	65.3	71.2	61.1	-5.9	4.2
Federal	8.5	8.7	7.2	-0.2	1.3
Hospitals	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
U S Postal Service	1.3	1.3	1.4	0.0	-0.1
Other Federal	5.6	5.8	4.2	-0.2	1.4
State	16.2	18.0	15.5	-1.8	0.7
Hospitals	2.0	2.0	2.2	0.0	-0.2
Education	6.6	8.7	5.2	-2.1	1.4
Other State	7.6	7.3	8.1	0.3	-0.5
Local	40.6	44.5	38.4	-3.9	2.2
Hospitals	4.1	4.0	3.9	0.1	0.2
Education	29.3	29.1	27.7	0.2	1.6
Other Local	7.2	11.4	6.8	-4.2	0.4
Total Private Sector	205.5	204.5	192.9	1.0	12.6

County Emphasis

June 1990



Pendleton County's 2.3 percent unemployment rate was the state's lowest in June, but Monongalia's booming economy made it a close second with a rate of only 2.5 percent. Other urban counties with rates significantly better than the state's 5.8 percent included Mineral (3.5), Jefferson (3.6), Ohio (3.9), Cabell (4.4), Kanawha (4.4), and Hancock (4.4). Among the smaller counties, Hardy (3.1), Monroe (4.2), Morgan (4.4), and Doddridge (4.7) also enjoyed low rates.

Higher unemployment rates continued to plague most of the Southern coal counties, particularly McDowell (13.1) and Wyoming (10.7). However, counties in the central portion of the state generally exhibited the highest rates. Even though Webster County's rate dropped noticeably from 15.4 percent in May, it remained the state's highest at 13.7 percent, followed by Roane (12.2), Clay (12.0), Nicholas (10.4), Calhoun (10.2), Randolph (10.2), and Ritchie (9.8).

West Virginia Labor Force Statistics by County

*(WV Series Labor Force Data – as calculated by the WV Division of Employment Security)**

June 1990
(Revised May 1990 in parentheses)

THESE LABOR FORCE STATISTICS WERE DESIGNED TO BE USED FOR ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

County	Civilian Labor Force		Employment		Unemployment		Unemployment As Percent of Civilian Labor Force	
Barbour	4,390	(4,960)	4,000	(4,500)	390	(460)	8.9	(9.3)
Berkeley	26,950	(27,140)	25,600	(25,840)	1,350	(1,300)	5.0	(4.8)
Boone	8,010	(8,170)	7,450	(7,570)	560	(600)	7.0	(7.3)
Braxton	5,490	(5,580)	5,010	(5,150)	480	(440)	8.7	(7.8)
Brooke	10,640	(10,630)	10,100	(10,060)	530	(580)	5.0	(5.4)
Cabell	42,620	(42,510)	40,730	(40,830)	1,890	(1,680)	4.4	(3.9)
Calhoun	2,980	(3,040)	2,670	(2,720)	300	(320)	10.2	(10.6)
Clay	2,710	(2,810)	2,380	(2,480)	320	(330)	12.0	(11.8)
Doddridge	2,310	(2,360)	2,200	(2,240)	110	(110)	4.7	(4.7)
Fayette	16,940	(16,990)	15,640	(15,780)	1,290	(1,210)	7.6	(7.1)
Gilmer	2,850	(2,780)	2,690	(2,590)	150	(200)	5.4	(7.0)
Grant	4,090	(4,280)	3,850	(4,010)	240	(270)	6.0	(6.4)
Greenbrier	14,830	(14,910)	13,870	(13,980)	960	(930)	6.5	(6.2)
Hampshire	6,750	(6,720)	6,250	(6,240)	500	(480)	7.4	(7.1)
Hancock	14,160	(14,040)	13,530	(13,470)	630	(570)	4.4	(4.0)
Hardy	5,660	(5,660)	5,490	(5,460)	180	(200)	3.1	(3.6)
Harrison	28,750	(29,210)	26,990	(27,500)	1,760	(1,700)	6.1	(5.8)
Jackson	8,800	(9,080)	8,170	(8,370)	630	(700)	7.2	(7.7)
Jefferson	19,390	(19,560)	18,690	(18,870)	700	(690)	3.6	(3.5)
Kanawha	97,090	(97,780)	92,850	(93,480)	4,240	(4,300)	4.4	(4.4)
Lewis	6,860	(7,010)	6,400	(6,480)	460	(530)	6.7	(7.5)
Lincoln	7,320	(7,500)	6,610	(6,810)	700	(690)	9.6	(9.2)
Logan	12,990	(13,300)	11,820	(11,990)	1,160	(1,320)	8.9	(9.9)
McDowell	6,540	(6,940)	5,680	(6,120)	860	(820)	13.1	(11.8)
Marion	21,290	(21,640)	19,940	(20,230)	1,350	(1,410)	6.3	(6.5)
Marshall	14,790	(14,800)	13,890	(13,880)	900	(930)	6.1	(6.3)
Mason	8,400	(8,540)	7,810	(7,970)	580	(560)	6.9	(6.6)
Mercer	25,600	(26,450)	24,160	(24,980)	1,430	(1,470)	5.6	(5.6)
Mineral	10,210	(10,430)	9,860	(10,110)	350	(320)	3.5	(3.1)
Mingo	10,450	(10,690)	9,620	(9,860)	830	(830)	8.0	(7.7)
Monongalia	37,850	(38,390)	36,900	(37,470)	950	(930)	2.5	(2.4)
Monroe	5,100	(5,110)	4,890	(4,930)	210	(190)	4.2	(3.6)
Morgan	5,060	(5,040)	4,840	(4,840)	220	(200)	4.4	(4.0)
Nicholas	8,610	(8,960)	7,710	(8,050)	900	(910)	10.4	(10.1)
Ohio	24,500	(24,540)	23,540	(23,510)	970	(1,020)	3.9	(4.2)
Pendleton	4,050	(4,140)	3,960	(4,030)	90	(100)	2.3	(2.5)
Pleasants	2,270	(2,300)	2,060	(2,130)	210	(170)	9.2	(7.3)
Pocahontas	4,340	(4,420)	4,000	(3,980)	340	(440)	7.8	(10.0)
Preston	12,120	(12,270)	11,490	(11,670)	620	(600)	5.1	(4.9)
Putnam	16,520	(16,570)	15,580	(15,680)	940	(890)	5.7	(5.4)
Raleigh	26,970	(27,290)	25,190	(25,530)	1,780	(1,760)	6.6	(6.4)
Randolph	11,500	(12,140)	10,330	(10,810)	1,170	(1,320)	10.2	(10.9)
Ritchie	5,160	(5,130)	4,660	(4,750)	510	(380)	9.8	(7.5)
Roane	4,690	(4,830)	4,120	(4,180)	570	(650)	12.2	(13.4)
Summers	4,250	(4,260)	3,950	(3,960)	300	(300)	7.0	(7.1)
Taylor	5,620	(5,720)	5,290	(5,390)	330	(330)	5.8	(5.7)
Tucker	3,940	(3,900)	3,660	(3,620)	280	(280)	7.1	(7.2)
Tyler	4,580	(4,570)	4,260	(4,310)	320	(260)	7.0	(5.6)
Upshur	8,120	(8,650)	7,460	(7,930)	660	(720)	8.1	(8.3)
Wayne	15,420	(15,450)	14,610	(14,650)	810	(800)	5.3	(5.2)
Webster	2,930	(3,120)	2,530	(2,640)	400	(480)	13.7	(15.4)
Wetzel	8,980	(9,020)	8,330	(8,430)	650	(590)	7.3	(6.5)
Wirt	2,550	(2,630)	2,300	(2,380)	250	(250)	9.6	(9.4)
Wood	40,820	(40,600)	38,830	(38,870)	2,000	(1,730)	4.9	(4.3)
Wyoming	6,890	(7,230)	6,160	(6,500)	740	(730)	10.7	(10.1)

All data have been revised to March 1989 benchmark.

*The West Virginia Division of Employment Security and the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics use different methodologies in calculating the unemployment rate.

West Virginia Labor Force Statistics by County

*(BLS Series Labor Force Data – Using U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Methodology)**

June 1990
(Revised May 1990 in parentheses)

APPROVED BY THE U. S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS TO ALLOCATE FEDERAL FUNDS AND DETERMINE ELIGIBILITY FOR FEDERAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

County	Civilian Labor Force		Employment		Unemployment		Unemployment As Percent of Civilian Labor Force	
Barbour	4,740	(5,280)	4,260	(4,660)	480	(620)	10.2	(11.8)
Berkeley	28,960	(28,530)	27,290	(26,760)	1,660	(1,770)	5.7	(6.2)
Boone	8,630	(8,650)	7,940	(7,840)	700	(810)	8.1	(9.3)
Braxton	5,930	(5,920)	5,340	(5,330)	590	(590)	9.9	(10.0)
Brooke	11,430	(11,190)	10,770	(10,410)	660	(780)	5.8	(7.0)
Cabell	45,750	(44,560)	43,420	(42,280)	2,330	(2,280)	5.1	(5.1)
Calhoun	3,220	(3,260)	2,850	(2,820)	380	(440)	11.6	(13.4)
Clay	2,940	(3,010)	2,540	(2,560)	400	(450)	13.6	(14.9)
Doddridge	2,480	(2,470)	2,350	(2,320)	130	(150)	5.4	(6.1)
Fayette	18,270	(17,980)	16,680	(16,340)	1,590	(1,640)	8.7	(9.1)
Gilmer	3,060	(2,940)	2,870	(2,680)	190	(260)	6.2	(9.0)
Grant	4,400	(4,520)	4,100	(4,150)	300	(370)	6.8	(8.2)
Greenbrier	15,970	(15,740)	14,790	(14,480)	1,190	(1,260)	7.4	(8.0)
Hampshire	7,280	(7,110)	6,660	(6,460)	620	(650)	8.5	(9.1)
Hancock	15,200	(14,710)	14,430	(13,950)	770	(770)	5.1	(5.2)
Hardy	6,070	(5,920)	5,850	(5,650)	220	(270)	3.6	(4.6)
Harrison	30,940	(30,790)	28,780	(28,480)	2,170	(2,310)	7.0	(7.5)
Jackson	9,490	(9,630)	8,710	(8,670)	780	(950)	8.2	(9.9)
Jefferson	20,780	(20,480)	19,920	(19,540)	860	(940)	4.1	(4.6)
Kanawha	104,220	(102,620)	98,990	(96,790)	5,230	(5,830)	5.0	(5.7)
Lewis	7,390	(7,420)	6,820	(6,710)	570	(710)	7.6	(9.6)
Lincoln	7,920	(7,990)	7,050	(7,050)	870	(940)	11.0	(11.7)
Logan	14,040	(14,200)	12,610	(12,410)	1,430	(1,780)	10.2	(12.6)
McDowell	7,120	(7,450)	6,060	(6,340)	1,060	(1,110)	14.9	(14.9)
Marion	22,920	(22,850)	21,260	(20,940)	1,660	(1,910)	7.2	(8.4)
Marshall	15,920	(15,630)	14,810	(14,370)	1,110	(1,260)	7.0	(8.0)
Mason	9,050	(9,020)	8,330	(8,260)	720	(760)	7.9	(8.4)
Mercer	27,530	(27,860)	25,760	(25,860)	1,770	(2,000)	6.4	(7.2)
Mineral	10,950	(10,900)	10,510	(10,470)	440	(430)	4.0	(4.0)
Mingo	11,280	(11,330)	10,250	(10,210)	1,030	(1,120)	9.1	(9.9)
Monongalia	40,500	(40,050)	39,340	(38,790)	1,170	(1,260)	2.9	(3.1)
Monroe	5,470	(5,350)	5,210	(5,100)	260	(250)	4.8	(4.7)
Morgan	5,440	(5,290)	5,160	(5,010)	270	(270)	5.0	(5.2)
Nicholas	9,330	(9,560)	8,220	(8,340)	1,110	(1,230)	11.9	(12.9)
Ohio	26,280	(25,730)	25,090	(24,350)	1,190	(1,390)	4.5	(5.4)
Pendleton	4,340	(4,320)	4,220	(4,180)	120	(140)	2.7	(3.3)
Pleasants	2,450	(2,430)	2,200	(2,210)	260	(230)	10.5	(9.3)
Pocahontas	4,680	(4,720)	4,260	(4,120)	420	(600)	8.9	(12.7)
Preston	13,020	(12,890)	12,250	(12,090)	770	(810)	5.9	(6.3)
Putnam	17,770	(17,440)	16,600	(16,240)	1,160	(1,210)	6.6	(6.9)
Raleigh	29,050	(28,830)	26,850	(26,440)	2,200	(2,390)	7.6	(8.3)
Randolph	12,460	(12,990)	11,010	(11,190)	1,440	(1,800)	11.6	(13.8)
Ritchie	5,590	(5,440)	4,970	(4,920)	620	(520)	11.2	(9.6)
Roane	5,100	(5,210)	4,390	(4,330)	710	(880)	13.9	(16.9)
Summers	4,580	(4,510)	4,210	(4,100)	370	(410)	8.0	(9.0)
Taylor	6,040	(6,030)	5,640	(5,580)	400	(450)	6.7	(7.4)
Tucker	4,240	(4,120)	3,900	(3,740)	340	(380)	8.1	(9.2)
Tyler	4,940	(4,810)	4,540	(4,460)	400	(350)	8.1	(7.2)
Upshur	8,760	(9,190)	7,950	(8,210)	810	(980)	9.3	(10.6)
Wayne	16,580	(16,260)	15,580	(15,170)	1,000	(1,090)	6.0	(6.7)
Webster	3,190	(3,380)	2,700	(2,730)	490	(650)	15.5	(19.2)
Wetzel	9,680	(9,530)	8,880	(8,730)	800	(800)	8.3	(8.4)
Wirt	2,760	(2,800)	2,460	(2,470)	300	(340)	11.0	(12.0)
Wood	43,850	(42,590)	41,390	(40,240)	2,460	(2,350)	5.6	(5.5)
Wyoming	7,470	(7,720)	6,560	(6,730)	910	(990)	12.2	(12.9)

All data have been revised to March 1989 benchmark.

*Calculated according to Current Population Survey adjusted to BLS procedures.

West Virginia Labor Force Statistics by Local Area

WV Series Labor Force Data
(In Thousands – Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89
Charleston MSA			
Labor Force	113.6	114.3	110.4
Unemployment	5.2	5.2	5.3
Rate (%)	4.6	4.5	4.8
Employment	108.4	109.2	105.1
Huntington - Ashland - Ironton MSA			
Labor Force	125.4	125.7	122.5
Unemployment	5.1	5.2	4.8
Rate (%)	4.1	4.2	4.0
Employment	120.3	120.5	117.7
Parkersburg - Marietta MSA			
Labor Force	69.6	69.3	68.2
Unemployment	2.9	2.6	2.8
Rate (%)	4.2	3.8	4.1
Employment	66.7	66.7	65.4
Wheeling - Bridgeport MSA			
Labor Force	69.9	69.9	68.3
Unemployment	2.7	2.8	2.7
Rate (%)	3.9	4.1	4.0
Employment	67.2	67.1	65.6
Clarksburg LMA			
Labor Force	36.7	37.3	36.9
Unemployment	2.2	2.1	2.5
Rate (%)	6.0	5.7	6.7
Employment	34.5	35.1	34.4
Gauley LMA			
Labor Force	11.5	12.1	12.5
Unemployment	1.3	1.4	1.5
Rate (%)	11.2	11.5	12.3
Employment	10.2	10.7	10.9
Morgantown - Kingwood LMA			
Labor Force	50.0	50.7	48.7
Unemployment	1.6	1.5	1.7
Rate (%)	3.1	3.0	3.5
Employment	48.4	49.1	47.0
New Martinsville LMA			
Labor Force	13.6	13.6	13.5
Unemployment	1.0	0.8	0.8
Rate (%)	7.2	6.2	5.9
Employment	12.6	12.7	12.8
Ronceverte - White Sulphur Springs LMA			
Labor Force	19.9	20.0	19.7
Unemployment	1.2	1.1	0.9
Rate (%)	5.9	5.5	4.5
Employment	18.8	18.9	18.8

BLS Series Labor Force Data
(In Thousands – Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89
Charleston MSA			
Labor Force	122.0	120.1	120.1
Unemployment	6.4	7.0	8.4
Rate (%)	5.2	5.9	7.0
Employment	115.6	113.0	111.7
Huntington - Ashland - Ironton MSA			
Labor Force	133.1	131.3	131.4
Unemployment	8.0	8.9	8.9
Rate (%)	6.0	6.8	6.7
Employment	125.1	122.4	122.5
Parkersburg - Marietta MSA			
Labor Force	73.9	72.4	73.8
Unemployment	4.3	4.1	5.0
Rate (%)	5.8	5.7	6.7
Employment	69.7	68.3	68.8
Wheeling - Bridgeport MSA			
Labor Force	74.1	73.1	73.9
Unemployment	4.0	4.5	5.0
Rate (%)	5.4	6.1	6.7
Employment	70.1	68.6	68.9
Clarksburg LMA			
Labor Force	39.5	39.3	40.5
Unemployment	2.7	2.9	3.9
Rate (%)	6.8	7.4	9.6
Employment	36.8	36.4	36.6
Gauley LMA			
Labor Force	12.5	12.9	14.0
Unemployment	1.6	1.9	2.4
Rate (%)	12.8	14.5	17.2
Employment	10.9	11.1	11.6
Morgantown - Kingwood LMA			
Labor Force	53.5	52.9	52.6
Unemployment	1.9	2.1	2.7
Rate (%)	3.6	3.9	5.1
Employment	51.6	50.9	49.9
New Martinsville LMA			
Labor Force	14.6	14.3	14.8
Unemployment	1.2	1.1	1.2
Rate (%)	8.2	8.0	8.4
Employment	13.4	13.2	13.6
Ronceverte - White Sulphur Springs LMA			
Labor Force	21.4	21.1	21.3
Unemployment	1.4	1.5	1.4
Rate (%)	6.8	7.1	6.4
Employment	20.0	19.6	20.0

Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area

(Counties of Kanawha and Putnam, West Virginia)

HIGHLIGHTS

EMPLOYMENT: Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment declined by 700 during June 1990. Local government experienced a sharp decline of 1,500 (due to election workers), while finance, insurance and real estate decreased by 100. Manufacturing, transportation and public utilities, retail trade and state government each increased by 100, while services gained 500. Comparison with June 1989 reveals an increase of 3,600 in total nonagricultural wage and salary employment, with all major industry divisions showing gains except fire, insurance and real estate and total mining.

UNEMPLOYMENT: Total unemployment remained unchanged over the month, as the MSA unemployment rate increased slightly to 4.6 percent of the civilian labor force. The current unemployment rate of 4.6 percent registered a decline from the year-ago figure of 4.8 percent.

WV Series Labor Force Data
(In Thousands - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89
Labor Force	113.6	114.3	110.4
Unemployment	5.2	5.2	5.3
Rate (%)	4.6	4.5	4.8
Employment	108.4	109.2	105.1

BLS Series Labor Force Data
(In Thousands - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89
Labor Force	122.0	120.1	120.1
Unemployment	6.4	7.0	8.4
Rate (%)	5.2	5.9	7.0
Employment	115.6	113.0	111.7

NONAGRICULTURAL PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY

	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89	Change From: May 1990	Change From: Jun. 1989
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	113.2	113.9	109.6	-0.7	3.6
GOODS PRODUCING	18.2	18.1	17.7	0.1	0.5
Mining	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0
Construction	5.1	5.1	4.9	0.0	0.2
Manufacturing	11.1	11.0	10.8	0.1	0.3
Durable Goods	1.6	1.6	1.5	0.0	0.1
Nondurable Goods	9.5	9.4	9.3	0.1	0.2
Chemical & Allied Products	8.0	7.9	8.0	0.1	0.0
Other Nondurable Goods	1.5	1.5	1.3	0.0	0.2
SERVICE PRODUCING	95.0	95.8	91.9	-0.8	3.1
Transportation & Public Utilities	9.2	9.1	9.0	0.1	0.2
Trade	29.8	29.7	28.8	0.1	1.0
Wholesale Trade	7.4	7.4	7.3	0.0	0.1
Retail Trade	22.4	22.3	21.5	0.1	0.9
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	6.2	6.3	6.2	-0.1	0.0
Services	28.9	28.4	27.4	0.5	1.5
Health Services	11.0	10.6	10.5	0.4	0.5
Government	20.9	22.3	20.5	-1.4	0.4
Federal	2.2	2.2	1.8	0.0	0.4
State	9.9	9.8	9.9	0.1	0.0
Local	8.8	10.3	8.8	-1.5	0.0
Labor-Management Dispute Status	0.1	0.1	0.2	xx	xx

Average Hours and Earnings of Production Workers in Manufacturing

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89
Manufacturing	$590.07	$588.30	$600.60	44.2	44.2	43.9	$13.35	$13.31	$14.00
Nondurable Goods	613.96	602.53	639.89	44.2	43.6	43.5	13.89	13.82	14.71
Chemical & Allied Products	695.07	695.24	712.13	45.4	45.5	45.1	15.31	15.28	15.79

Huntington-Ashland-Ironton Metropolitan Statistical Area

(Counties of Cabell and Wayne, West Virginia;
Boyd, Carter and Greenup, Kentucky; Lawrence, Ohio)

HIGHLIGHTS

EMPLOYMENT: Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment declined by 400 during June 1990 in the Huntington-Ashland-Ironton MSA. The goods producing sector advanced by 200, with total manufacturing increasing by 300 over the month. However, this advance was offset by a small decline in construction (-100). The service producing sector experienced an overall decline of 600. This decrease was a direct result of election workers falling out of the survey, after the May 1990 primary election. Discounting the fluctuation in government, the only other decline was in services, which fell by 200. Retail trade increased by 400, while transportation and public utilities advanced by 100.

UNEMPLOYMENT: Total unemployment declined in the Huntington-Ashland-Ironton MSA during June 1990 (-100). The current unemployment rate fell to 4.1 percent of the civilian labor force. This is the lowest unemployment rate locally so far this year.

WV Series Labor Force Data
(In Thousands - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89
Labor Force	125.4	125.7	122.5
Unemployment	5.1	5.2	4.8
Rate (%)	4.1	4.2	4.0
Employment	120.3	120.5	117.7

BLS Series Labor Force Data
(In Thousands - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89
Labor Force	133.1	131.3	131.4
Unemployment	8.0	8.9	8.9
Rate (%)	6.0	6.8	6.7
Employment	125.1	122.4	122.5

NONAGRICULTURAL PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY

	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89	Change From: May 1990	Jun. 1989
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	111.9	112.3	109.3	-0.4	2.6
GOODS PRODUCING	28.1	27.9	27.1	0.2	1.0
Mining	1.6	1.6	1.5	0.0	0.1
Construction	5.7	5.8	5.0	-0.1	0.7
Manufacturing	20.8	20.5	20.6	0.3	0.2
Durable Goods	12.2	12.1	12.1	0.1	0.1
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
Primary Metals Industries	7.8	7.7	7.8	0.1	0.0
Other Durable Goods	2.8	2.8	2.7	0.0	0.1
Nondurable Goods	8.6	8.4	8.5	0.2	0.1
Apparel & Other Textile Products	1.5	1.5	1.7	0.0	-0.2
Chemical & Allied Products	4.7	4.5	4.5	0.2	0.2
Other Nondurable Goods	2.4	2.4	2.3	0.0	0.1
SERVICE PRODUCING	83.8	84.4	82.2	-0.6	1.6
Transportation & Public Utilities	8.2	8.1	8.2	0.1	0.0
Trade	28.1	27.7	27.6	0.4	0.5
Wholesale Trade	5.4	5.4	5.5	0.0	-0.1
Retail Trade	22.7	22.3	22.1	0.4	0.6
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	3.9	3.9	3.9	0.0	0.0
Services	24.4	24.6	24.1	-0.2	0.3
Health Services	10.1	10.1	10.0	0.0	0.1
Government	19.2	20.1	18.4	-0.9	0.8
Federal	3.4	3.4	2.8	0.0	0.6
State	4.2	4.7	4.0	-0.5	0.2
Local	11.6	12.0	11.6	-0.4	0.0
Labor-Management Dispute Status	0.0	0.0	0.0	XX	XX

Average Hours and Earnings of Production Workers in Manufacturing

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89
Manufacturing	$354.73	$363.86	$329.78	41.0	40.6	41.1	$13.53	$13.53	$13.89
Durable Goods	386.40	380.02	363.74	41.5	42.0	42.3	14.13	13.81	13.80
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	336.86	361.81	475.56	43.4	43.8	42.5	12.37	12.37	11.19
Primary Metals Industries	643.45	642.11	656.07	41.3	42.3	42.3	15.58	15.18	15.50
Nondurable Goods	308.58	491.10	448.06	40.3	39.1	39.2	12.62	12.56	11.43

Parkersburg-Marietta Metropolitan Statistical Area

(Counties of Wood, West Virginia; Washington, Ohio)

HIGHLIGHTS

EMPLOYMENT: Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Parkersburg-Marietta MSA declined 100 during June 1990. Goods producing employment posted an overall increase (+300) with mild gains recorded in construction (+100) and manufacturing (+200). Service producing employment led the decline (-400) however with losses occurring in services (-100) and government (-500). Advances were recognized in trade (+100) and finance, insurance and real estate (+100). Compared to June 1989, total nonagricultural employment grew by 1,400. Within the goods producing sector, construction provided the most significant gain (+400) followed by a smaller increase (+200) in manufacturing. Gains in service producing employment occurred in trade (+300), finance, insurance and real estate (+100), services (+200) and government (+200).

UNEMPLOYMENT: Total unemployment grew 300 during June 1990 in the Parkersburg-Marietta MSA. Compared to the June 1989 unemployment rate the current unemployment rate is up slightly at 4.2 percent.

WV Series Labor Force Data
(In Thousands - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89
Labor Force	69.6	69.3	68.2
Unemployment	2.9	2.6	2.8
Rate (%)	4.2	3.8	4.1
Employment	66.7	66.7	65.4

BLS Series Labor Force Data
(In Thousands - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89
Labor Force	73.9	72.4	73.8
Unemployment	4.3	4.1	5.0
Rate (%)	5.8	5.7	6.7
Employment	69.7	68.3	68.8

NONAGRICULTURAL PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY

	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89	Change From: May 1990	Change From: Jun. 1989
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	63.0	63.1	61.6	-0.1	1.4
GOODS PRODUCING	18.5	18.2	17.9	0.3	0.6
Mining	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0
Construction	3.6	3.5	3.2	0.1	0.4
Manufacturing	14.4	14.2	14.2	0.2	0.2
Durable Goods	7.1	7.1	7.0	0.0	0.1
Lumber, Wood Products & Furniture	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	1.8	1.8	1.7	0.0	0.1
Primary Metals Industries	2.8	2.8	2.8	0.0	0.0
Other Durable Goods	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0
Nondurable Goods	7.3	7.1	7.2	0.2	0.1
Chemical & Allied Products	5.5	5.3	5.4	0.2	0.1
Other Nondurable Goods	1.8	1.8	1.8	0.0	0.0
SERVICE PRODUCING	44.5	44.9	43.7	-0.4	0.8
Transportation & Public Utilities	2.6	2.6	2.6	0.0	0.0
Trade	15.5	15.4	15.2	0.1	0.3
Wholesale Trade	3.0	2.9	3.0	0.1	0.0
Retail Trade	12.5	12.5	12.2	0.0	0.3
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	2.3	2.2	2.2	0.1	0.1
Services	14.4	14.5	14.2	-0.1	0.2
Health Services	4.6	4.6	4.4	0.0	0.2
Government	9.7	10.2	9.5	-0.5	0.2
Federal	1.9	1.9	1.8	0.0	0.1
State	1.0	1.1	1.0	-0.1	0.0
Local	6.8	7.2	6.7	-0.4	0.1
Labor-Management Dispute Status	0.0	0.0	0.0	xx	xx

Average Hours and Earnings of Production Workers in Manufacturing

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89
Manufacturing	$563.25	$563.63	$562.02	42.8	41.0	43.1	$13.16	$13.23	$13.04
Durable Goods	505.13	457.82	486.86	42.2	38.7	41.9	11.97	11.83	11.62
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	568.71	563.75	619.69	45.1	43.6	46.3	12.61	12.93	13.38
Primary Metals Industries	536.36	529.79	476.75	42.5	35.2	40.3	12.68	12.21	11.83
Nondurable Goods	621.82	643.26	651.61	43.5	43.7	44.6	14.52	14.72	14.61

Wheeling-Bridgeport Metropolitan Statistical Area

(Counties of Marshall and Ohio, West Virginia; Belmont, Ohio)

HIGHLIGHTS

EMPLOYMENT: Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment increased 100 over the month despite a loss of 500 election workers in state and local government from May 1990. Compared with June 1989, total nonagricultural payroll employment grew by 1,500. Service producing industries improved by 900 since the same month last year. Retail trade advanced 600 leading all other industry increases. Wholesale trade and state government were the only areas of decline, losing 200 and 100, respectively. Individually, goods-producing industries experienced no losses and grew by 600 overall. Mining and construction led the goods-producing industries with gains of 300 and 200, respectively.

UNEMPLOYMENT: Since last month, labor force movement was largely stagnant with a shift of 100 from total unemployment to employment. Although unemployment totals remained the same as June 1989, both labor force and employment grew by 1,600. The unemployment rate declined slightly during June 1990 and experienced relatively no change from the same month last year.

WV Series Labor Force Data
(In Thousands - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89
Labor Force	69.9	69.9	68.3
Unemployment	2.7	2.8	2.7
Rate (%)	3.9	4.1	4.0
Employment	67.2	67.1	65.6

BLS Series Labor Force Data
(In Thousands - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89
Labor Force	74.1	73.1	73.9
Unemployment	4.0	4.5	5.0
Rate (%)	5.4	6.1	6.7
Employment	70.1	68.6	68.9

NONAGRICULTURAL PAYROLL EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY

	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89	Change From: May 1990	Change From: Jun. 1989
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	62.3	62.2	60.8	0.1	1.5
GOODS PRODUCING	12.4	12.1	11.8	0.3	0.6
Mining	2.5	2.5	2.2	0.0	0.3
Construction	2.4	2.2	2.2	0.2	0.2
Manufacturing	7.5	7.4	7.4	0.1	0.1
Durable Goods	3.1	3.1	3.1	0.0	0.0
Nondurable Goods	4.4	4.3	4.3	0.1	0.1
SERVICE PRODUCING	49.9	50.1	49.0	-0.2	0.9
Transportation & Public Utilities	3.5	3.4	3.5	0.1	0.0
Trade	17.0	16.8	16.6	0.2	0.4
Wholesale Trade	2.7	2.7	2.9	0.0	-0.2
Retail Trade	14.3	14.1	13.7	0.2	0.6
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	3.1	3.0	2.9	0.1	0.2
Services	16.7	16.8	16.6	-0.1	0.1
Health Services	7.8	7.7	7.7	0.1	0.1
Government	9.6	10.1	9.4	-0.5	0.2
Federal	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.0	0.2
State	1.5	1.9	1.6	-0.4	-0.1
Local	7.2	7.3	7.1	-0.1	0.1
Labor-Management Dispute Status	0.0	0.0	0.0	xx	xx

Average Hours and Earnings of Production Workers in Manufacturing

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89	Prelim. Jun.'90	Revised May '90	Revised Jun.'89
Manufacturing	$572.76	$615.12	$562.95	42.3	44.0	42.2	$13.54	$13.98	$13.34
Nondurable Goods	610.88	691.30	643.68	41.9	44.6	46.3	14.72	15.50	14.83
Durable Goods	529.63	532.93	468.48	43.2	43.4	39.7	12.26	12.28	11.80

Applicants and Nonagricultural Job Openings in West Virginia Job Service Offices

Occupational Category	Applicants Available Program Year to Date 2/	Active File	NONAGRICULTURAL JOB OPENINGS Received Program Year to Date 2/	UNFILLED Total	UNFILLED 30 Days or More	FILLED Total	Applicant/ Openings Program Year to Date	Active File/ Unfilled Openings End of Month
TOTAL 3/	159,707	53,990	38,510	3,195	2,210	26,496	4.1	16.9
Professional, Technical & Managerial	14,241	5,051	1,260	161	98	382	11.3	31.4
Clerical & Sales	45,970	15,042	10,632	1,170	780	6,910	4.3	12.9
Services	20,493	6,829	7,487	543	349	4,865	2.7	12.6
Agricultural, Fishery & Forestry	966	359	201	14	5	107	4.8	25.6
Processing	8,524	3,230	832	118	100	547	10.2	27.4
Machine Trades	9,686	3,582	1,378	182	137	584	7.0	19.7
Benchwork	6,745	2,267	1,386	173	149	1,000	4.9	13.1
Structural Work	23,298	8,652	2,984	313	194	1,546	7.8	27.6
Miscellaneous	29,034	8,898	12,350	521	398	10,555	2.4	17.1
Transportation	7,001	2,366	1,023	144	78	517	6.8	16.4
Packaging & Materials Handling	18,715	5,299	10,938	312	271	9,831	1.7	17.0
Other 4/	3,318	1,233	389	65	49	207	8.5	19.0
Entry Total 5/	750	80	0	0	0	6/	xx	xx

1/ Source of Data: ESARS (Employment Security Automated Reporting System) Table A96 containing fully registered applicants.
2/ Period Covered: July 1, 1989 through June 30, 1990. Program Year 1989 defined as July 1, 1989 through June 30, 1990.
3/ Total excludes invalid occupational data.
4/ Includes mining, logging, utilities, miscellaneous amusement and recreation, and graphic art work.
5/ Applicants for whom a complete occupational code cannot be assigned because of lack of training/experience.

Select Unemployment Compensation Claims Activities

State UI Program Activity	June 1990	May 1990	June 1989	Percent Change to June 1990 from: May 1990	June 1989
Total Initial Claims 1/	5,676	5,902	6,274	-3.8	-9.5
Total Continued Weeks	58,270	68,096	60,647	-14.4	-3.9
Total Benefits Paid	$6,703,293	$8,014,961	$6,887,322	-16.4	-2.7
Total Weeks Compensated	48,488	58,237	51,665	-16.7	-6.1
Average Weekly Payment	$138.25	$137.63	$133.31	0.5	3.7
Monthly Insured Unemployment Rate 2/	2.8	3.2	2.7	xx	xx
UC Fund Balance, End of Month	$152,198,420	$159,016,679	$142,710,371	-4.3	6.6

1/ Excluding transitional claims.
2/ Seasonally unadjusted.

When you need workers, contact your local Job Service:

Beckley	300 Valley Drive, S	256-6792	Morgantown	304 Scott Avenue	285-3120
Bluefield	5 Mercer Plaza	327-7155	New Martinsville	249 Clark Street	455-2280
Charleston	1321 Plaza East	348-0342	Parkersburg	36th St at Murdoch Av	420-4525
Clarksburg	153 W Main Street	627-2125	Point Pleasant	225 Sixth Street	675-2770
Elkins	7-11 Randolph Avenue	636-1810	Ronceverte	299 E Edgar Avenue	647-7415
Fairmont	109 Adams Street	363-5550	Summersville	806 Broad Street	872-2950
Huntington	914 Fifth Avenue	528-5525	Weirton	3828 Main Street	748-8500
Logan	195 Dingess Street	792-7010	Welch	23 Elkhorn Street	436/3131
Martinsburg	617 W King Street	263-3336	Wheeling	22 Tenth Street	238-1045
			Williamson	120 W First Avenue	235-4090

West Virginia Division of Employment Security
Labor and Economic Research, 112 California Avenue, Charleston 25305-0112
Telephone 304/348-2660

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